## Listing of Claims

Please amend claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A modulator, comprising:

an adder configured to combine add a first nonnegative continuous-time signal and a nonnegative binary output signal to form a first nonnegative intermediate signal,

an a leaky integrator operably coupled to the adder and configured to receive the first <u>nonnegative</u> intermediate signal and generate a second intermediate signal therefrom.

a <u>an inverting</u> bistable device operably coupled to the integrator and configured to receive the second intermediate signal, and generate the <u>nonnegative</u> binary output signal therefrom, and

a feedback loop coupling the <u>inverting</u> bistable device and the adder to provide the nonnegative binary output signal to the adder.

- 2. (Original) The modulator of claim 1, wherein the modulator is an allelectronic device.
- 3. (Original) The modulator of claim 1, wherein the modulator is an alloptical device.
  - 4. (Cancelled).
- 5. (Currently Amended) The modulator of claim [[4]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the  $\underline{\text{leaky}}$  integrator has a transfer function of  $\frac{g}{s+\frac{1}{\tau}}$  where g is the gain coefficient and  $\tau$

is a finite period of time.

- 6. (Cancelled).
- 7. (Cancelled).
- 8. (Cancelled).
- 9. (Original) A system, comprising the modulator of claim 1, and a computing device coupled to the modulator and being configured to adaptively modify parameters of the modulator to optimize performance.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The system of claim [[8]] 9, wherein the computing device is configured to modify at least one of sampling frequency and input signal range.

- 11. (Currently Amended) The modulator of claim 1, further comprising at least one multi-level <u>inverting</u> bistable device.
- 12. (Original) The modulator of claim 1, wherein the feedback loop includes a delay.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method for converting a continuous time signal to a binary signal, comprising the steps of:

receiving a nonnegative continuous time signal,

adding a <u>nonnegative</u> binary signal to the <u>nonnegative</u> continuous time signal to produce a first <u>nonnegative</u> intermediate signal,

processing the first <u>nonnegative</u> intermediate signal through a leaky integrator to produce a second <u>intermediately</u> <u>intermediate</u> signal, and

processing the second intermediate signal through a <u>an inverting</u> bistable device to produce the <u>nonnegative</u> binary signal.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of modulating a light signal with the <u>nonnegative</u> continuous time signal.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of adaptively adjusting at least one of input signal range and sampling interval.
  - 16. (Currently Amended) A modulator comprising: an amplifier configured to amplify a continuous-time signal, an optical isolator configured to receive a light signal,

an electro-optic modulator coupled to the optical isolator and the continuoustime signal amplifier, the electro-optic modulator configured to receive the amplified continuous-time signal and modulate the light signal thereby,

a fiber-optic coupler configured to receive <u>add</u> the <u>modulated</u> light signal <u>modulated</u> by the continuous-time signal <u>and a feedback signal</u>,

a leaky integrator configured to generate an integrated signal from output of the <u>first</u> fiber-optic coupler,

a <u>an inverting</u> bistable device configured to generate a binary signal from the integrated signal, and

a feedback loop configured to provide continuous operation of the modulator a second optical coupler coupled to the inverting bistable device configured to provide a binary output signal and the feedback signal.

17. (Original) The modulator of claim 16, wherein the leaky integrator is configured to provide exponential decay of optical density.

- 18. (Original) The modulator of claim 17, wherein the bistable device is a multiple quantum well device.
- 19. (Original) The modulator of claim 16, wherein the amplifier, the optical isolator, the fiber-optic coupler, the leaky integrator, the bistable device, and the feedback loop are contained on a single chip.
- 20. (Original) The modulator of claim 16, further comprising a second leaky integrator coupled to the bistable device.